

An example of gauge transformation

The non-relativistic Schrödinger equation of a charged particle interacting with electromagnetic field is

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial \psi(t, \mathbf{x})}{\partial t} = \left[\frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{\hbar}{i} \nabla - q\mathbf{A} \right)^2 + qV \right] \psi(t, \mathbf{x}). \quad (1)$$

Apply the gauge transformation:

$$\begin{aligned} V &\rightarrow V' = V - \frac{\partial \chi(t, \mathbf{x})}{\partial t}, \\ \mathbf{A} &\rightarrow \mathbf{A}' = \mathbf{A} + \nabla \chi(t, \mathbf{x}), \\ \psi(t, \mathbf{x}) &\rightarrow \psi'(t, \mathbf{x}) = \exp \left[\frac{iq}{\hbar} \chi(t, \mathbf{x}) \right] \psi(t, \mathbf{x}). \end{aligned} \quad (2)$$

1. Expand the original equation:

$$\begin{aligned} i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi' &= \left[\frac{1}{2m} \left(\frac{\hbar}{i} \nabla - q\mathbf{A}' \right)^2 + qV' \right] \psi' \\ &= -\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 \psi' + \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \left[\nabla \cdot (\mathbf{A}' \psi') + \mathbf{A}' \cdot \nabla \psi' \right] + \left(\frac{q^2}{2m} \mathbf{A}'^2 + qV' \right) \psi' \\ &= \left[-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 + \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \left(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A}' + 2\mathbf{A}' \cdot \nabla \right) + \frac{q^2}{2m} \mathbf{A}'^2 + qV' \right] \psi' \end{aligned} \quad (3)$$

2. Apply the gauge transformation on the electromagnetic field:

$$\begin{aligned} i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi' &= \left[-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 + \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \left(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} + 2\mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla + \nabla^2 \chi + 2\nabla \chi \cdot \nabla \right) \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \frac{q^2}{2m} \left(\mathbf{A}^2 + 2\mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla \chi + (\nabla \chi)^2 \right) + q \left(V - \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \chi \right) \right] \psi'. \end{aligned} \quad (4)$$

3. Apply the gauge transformation on the wave function:

$$\begin{aligned}
i\hbar \left(\frac{iq}{\hbar} \frac{\partial \chi}{\partial t} \psi + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi \right) = & - \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \left[\frac{iq}{\hbar} \psi (\nabla \chi)^2 + \nabla \psi \cdot \nabla \chi + \psi \nabla^2 \chi \right] \\
& - \frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \left[\frac{iq}{\hbar} \nabla \psi \cdot \nabla \chi + \nabla^2 \psi \right] \\
& + \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \left[(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A}) \psi + \frac{2iq}{\hbar} \psi \mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla \chi + 2\mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla \psi \right. \\
& \quad \left. + \psi \nabla^2 \chi + \frac{2iq}{\hbar} \psi (\nabla \chi)^2 + 2\nabla \psi \cdot \nabla \chi \right] \\
& + \frac{q^2}{2m} \left[\mathbf{A}^2 \psi + 2\psi \mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla \chi + \psi (\nabla \chi)^2 \right] \\
& + qV\psi - q \frac{\partial \chi}{\partial t} \psi
\end{aligned} \tag{5}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi = & \left[-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 + \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \left(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} + 2\mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla \right) + \frac{q^2}{2m} \mathbf{A}^2 + qV \right] \psi \\
& + \frac{q^2}{2m} \psi (\nabla \chi)^2 - 2 \cdot \frac{q^2}{2m} \psi (\nabla \chi)^2 + \frac{q^2}{2m} \psi (\nabla \chi)^2 \\
& - \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \nabla \psi \cdot \nabla \chi - \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \nabla \psi \cdot \nabla \chi + 2 \cdot \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \nabla \psi \cdot \nabla \chi \\
& - \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \psi \nabla^2 \chi + \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \psi \nabla^2 \chi \\
& - \frac{q^2}{m} \psi \mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla \chi + \frac{q^2}{m} \psi \mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla \chi ,
\end{aligned} \tag{6}$$

which finally becomes

$$i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \psi = \left[-\frac{\hbar^2}{2m} \nabla^2 + \frac{iq\hbar}{2m} \left(\nabla \cdot \mathbf{A} + 2\mathbf{A} \cdot \nabla \right) + \frac{q^2}{2m} \mathbf{A}^2 + qV \right] \psi. \tag{7}$$

This equation coincide with equation (3).